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# Preparing dictionaries that list resources to block

Preparing a dictionary with a list of resources to block takes two steps. Firstly, one creates a text file with a list of resources. Secondly, one converts this file into an internal format by means of a special utility.

The conversion is carried out with two utilities:

url2dic - for URL, SNI CN
ip2bin - for IP

Blacklist Checker Utility - checklock.

#### File format with a list of URLs to block:

Each line contains one URL (with no http:// prefix). For example:

```
1magehut.com/users.php?act=gallery&gal=81&page=4
3dmx.net
```

To convert into the internal format

```
cat my_url_list.txt|url2dic my_url_list.dic
```

To convert into the internal format with automatic conversion of domains and URL-letters written in the national alphabet in utf-8 encoding:

cat my\_url\_list.txt|url2norm|url2dic my\_url\_list.dic

### File format with a list of names to block in SSL certificates:

Each line contains one name. For example:

```
*.facebook.com
www.vasexpertsdpi.com
```

To convert into the internal format:

cat my\_cn\_list.txt|url2dic my\_cn\_list.dic

## File format with a list of public SNI (HTTPS domains)

Each line contains one SNI (without http:// prefix), it is allowed to use \*, for example:

```
qiwi.ru
*.qiwi.ru
```

To convert into internal format

cat my\_sni\_list.txt|url2dic my\_sni\_list.bin

#### File format with the list of blocked IP addresses, CIDR:

As of version 12.4, list-based list creation is supported:

- IPv4 <space> port\_number
- IPv4
- IPv6 <space> port\_number
- IPv6
- CIDR IPv4/IPv6

Each line of the file contains only one entry, example for IPv4:

78.47.115.34 443 95.211.6.93 95.211.4.0/24

> SSG allows the client to establish TCP connection and waits for data transfer. According to the data SSG determines the protocol and in case of HTTP/HTTPS/QUIC it waits for the transmission of URL/SNI/CN, for other protocols it blocks data transmission at once. This behavior is due to the fact that one IP address may have many domains and the priority check by URL/SNI/CN.

Since version 13, support for hard blocking (despite URL/SNI/CN name) has been added - set by adding the code word hard to the IP list, example for IPv4:

78.47.115.34 443 hard 95.211.6.93 hard 95.211.4.0/24 hard

To convert into the internal format:

cat my\_ip\_list.txt|ip2bin my\_ip\_list.bin

