## Содержание

## **Outgoing traffic management via feedback**

The inbound traffic control is not efficient for bandwidth saving. Indeed, these data were already received, and their omitting leads to repeated transmissions again and again. This creates additional load.

TCP protocol and some kinds of application UDP based protocols may adjust to specified limitations by congestion control mechanism. However, the outbound traffic control on the subscriber's channel may save additional 10% of the whole operator's load compared to an ordinary policing.

This method is effective for "query - reply" protocols. The reduction of the outbound traffic (query) reduces the inbound one (reply). Most of application protocols belong to this type.

Let us complete the previous example by the parameter htb\_inbound\_bw:

```
htb inbound bw=rate 9mbit ceil 10mbit
htb inbound root=rate 2mbit ceil 10mbit
htb inbound class0=rate 8bit ceil 10mbit
htb inbound class1=rate 1mbit ceil 3mbit
htb inbound class2=rate 8bit ceil 10mbit
htb inbound class3=rate 8bit ceil 10mbit
htb inbound class4=rate 8bit ceil 10mbit
htb inbound class5=rate 8bit ceil 10mbit
htb_inbound_class6=rate 8bit ceil 10mbit
htb inbound class7=rate 8bit ceil 10mbit
htb root=rate 2mbit ceil 10mbit
htb class0=rate 8bit ceil 10mbit
htb class1=rate 1mbit ceil 3mbit
htb class2=rate 8bit ceil 10mbit
htb_class3=rate 8bit ceil 10mbit
htb class4=rate 8bit ceil 10mbit
htb class5=rate 8bit ceil 10mbit
htb_class6=rate 8bit ceil 10mbit
htb class7=rate 8bit ceil 10mbit
```

The inbound traffic limit and its maximum excess are indicated by the parameter htb\_inbound\_bw. The upper limit for the outbound traffic (parameter htb\_root ceil=10mbit) is lowered to htb\_root rate=2mbit upon the inbound traffic exceeds rate=9mbit specified in htb\_inbound\_bw. The excess traffic percentage is counted by the range ceil 10mbit ↔ rate 9mbit. The outbound traffic is reduced proportionally by the same percentage. Other classes redistribute the traffic according to their priorities and specified limitations upon reaching the ceil value specified in htb\_root parameter. This allows not to exceed the general limit set up in htb\_root.