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10 BRAS L2 ARP Example

Description



BRAS ARP L2 means that the subscriber configures the static IP address on his device. When a subscriber sends an ARP request to his default gateway, he gets to AAA in Billing. Then the subscriber is terminated by VAS Experts DPI and transferred to border equipment. A scheme when subscribers are given the /30 prefix is also possible.

The following elements are involved in the VAS Experts DPI operation scheme in BRAS L2 DHCP Radius Proxy mode:

1. Client with Q-in-Q access type
2. FastDPI - traffic processing and policing
3. FastPCRF - proxying requests between fastDPI and Radius
4. Radius server - accepts requests from fastPCRF and generates responses with specified attributes
5. Router - is responsible for packets transmission to the Internet and the backward routing. It is necessary to specify the Static Route, since VAS Experts DPI does not support OSPF and BGP at the moment.

FastDPI Setup

Editing the DPI Configuration File

First, you need to uncomment (add) the following lines to the `/etc/dpi/fastdpi.conf` configuration file.

```
# enable internal database of user properties
udr=1
# enable IP authorization mode
enable_auth = 1
# activate L2 BRAS mode
bras_enable = 1

# DPI "virtual" IP address (must be unique on the network)
bras_arp_ip = 192.168.1.2
# "virtual" DPI MAC address (you should use the real MAC address of any
of the DNA interfaces)
bras_arp_mac = a0: 36: 9f: 77: 26: 58

#IP address of the border
bras_gateway_ip = 192.168.1.1
#MAC address of the interface to which DPI is connected on the border
```

```

bras_gateway_mac = c4: 71: 54: 4b: e7: 8a

# data of the server where FastPCRF is installed (unless changed on the
same server as Fastdpi)
auth_servers = 127.0.0.1% lo: 29002

# enable the response to ARP requests to gateways
bras_arp_proxy = 0x0002
# enable authorization by ARP requests
bras_arp_auth = 2

# vlan termination (in this case, the tag will be stripped)
bras_vlan_terminate = 1
# local traffic closure
bras_terminate_local = 1

# enable accounting
enable_acct = 1
# subscriber billing statistics
netflow = 4
# timeout for sending statistics
netflow_timeout = 60

```

You should set your **own** values for the following parameters



- bras_arp_ip
- bras_arp_mac
- bras_gateway_ip
- bras_gateway_mac

FastPCRF Setup

FastPCRF needs to be configured. To do this, edit the file `/etc/dpi/fastpcrf.conf`. Find the line with RADIUS server parameters and change:

```

# secret123 - Radius secret
# 192.168.1.10 - IP address of the Radius server
# eth0 - interface from which FastPCRF "communicates" with the Radius
server
# 1812 - port to which FastPCRF sends authorization requests
#acct_port - port to which FasPCRF sends Accounting
radius_server=secret123@192.168.1.10%eth0: 1812; acct_port = 1813

```

Radius Setup

The setting is **an example** for freeRADIUS 3 and may differ from the configuration of your Radius server.

VasExperts Dictionary

First you need to add a VSA dictionary:

- copy the dictionary `/usr/share/dpi/dictionary.vasexperts` from the `fastprf` distribution to the `$freeRadius/share/freeradius` directory
- add the following line to the main dictionary `$freeRadius/share/freeradius/dictionary`:

```
$INCLUDE dictionary.vasexperts
```

Creating Client Radius

Add the following lines to `raddb/clients.conf` of the Radius server

```
client fastdpi1 {
    ipaddr      = 192.168.1.5
    secret      = secret123
    require_message_authenticator = yes
#   add_cui = yes
    virtual_server = fastdpi-vs
}
```

Creating a Virtual Server

To create the virtual server configuration, copy the file `raddb/sites-available/default`, included in the supply `FreeRadius`, in `raddb/sites-enabled/fastdpi-vs` and then edit `fastdpi-vs`:

- set the name of the virtual server - change the line "server default" at the beginning of the file to "server fastdpi-vs"
- in the "listen" section for auth requests (type = auth) write on which IP address and which port to listen incoming requests (note that this is the local address of the Radius server):

```
ipaddr = 192.168.1.10
port = 1812
interface = eth0
```