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# RADIUS Servers Reservation

Each RADIUS server is described by an FSM (Finite State Machine).

A RADIUS server can be in one of six states:

- **Initial** — the state when fastPCRF starts;
- **Alive** — the RADIUS server is accessible, requests can be sent to it;
- **Dead** — the RADIUS server is inaccessible, requests cannot be sent;
- **Alive-ping-sent** — a ping has been sent to the RADIUS server in the Alive state, waiting for a response;
- **Dead-ping-sent** — a ping has been sent to the RADIUS server in the Dead state, waiting for a response;
- **Disabled** — the server is administratively prohibited.

The main states are **Alive** and **Dead**, while the other states are transitional. A RADIUS server is considered accessible if it is in the **Alive** or **Alive-ping-sent** states. In other states, the RADIUS server is considered inaccessible and requests cannot be sent to it.

Ping — is a Status-Server request, or if the RADIUS server does not support Status-Server (the ``radius_status_server`` option), an Access-Request with User-Name and Password equal to the ``radius_ping_user_name`` and ``radius_ping_user_password`` options, respectively.

Every 10 seconds, a watchdog task runs to check whether a ping should be sent, whether a response to the ping has been received, and based on this, it changes the server's state or leaves it unchanged.

When fastPCRF starts, all RADIUS servers are in the **Initial** state. fastPCRF sends a ping to them and transitions to the **Dead-ping-sent** state, waiting for a ping response.

In the **Alive** state, the server is pinged only if no responses have been received from it within the last ``radius_keepalive`` seconds. If the server is responding to requests and there is continuous request-response exchange, pings are not sent. When a ping is sent, the server transitions to the **Alive-ping-sent** state (waiting for a ping response).

In the **Dead** state, the server is pinged every ``radius_dead_timeout`` seconds: a ping is sent, and the server transitions to the **Dead-ping-sent** state. For example, if ``radius_dead_timeout=3600`` (1 hour), the RADIUS server cannot transition to the **Alive** state earlier than one hour after transitioning to the **Dead** state.

In the **DeadDisabled** or **Alive** states, the watchdog notifies fastPCRF that a particular server has become unavailable or available, respectively.

**Important!** Reservation of RADIUS servers is implemented according to the Master-Slaves scheme: only one RADIUS server is considered operational (master), the rest are backups (regardless of their state). RADIUS servers are specified in a list (each RADIUS server in a separate ``radius_server`` option), with the most preferred server being the one specified in the first ``radius_server`` option in ``fastpcrf.conf``, followed by the less preferred ones, and so on. If the server with number  $N > 1$  is the master, it means all servers before it (1..N-1) are unavailable (**Dead**). If any of the servers 1..N-1 becomes alive (**Alive**), it immediately becomes the master, and all requests go to it. Responses from the previous master are accepted.

If the current master becomes unavailable, the first server in the **Alive** state is searched for and becomes the master.

Authorization RADIUS servers do not receive any messages when they gain or lose master status. However, accounting servers do: if an accounting server loses master status, it is sent Accounting-Off; if an accounting server gains master status, it is sent Accounting-On. The following attributes are sent in Accounting-On/Off:

- NAS attributes: NAS-IP-Address, NAS-IPv6-Address, NAS-Identifier. Either only one of these attributes is sent (in the priority order listed here — the highest priority is NAS-IP-Address), or if the `radius\_add\_all\_nas\_ids=1` option is set, all known attributes are sent;
- Acct-Status-Type = Accounting-On or Accounting-Off;
- Acct-Session-Id = 0 — this acct-session-id value cannot be encountered by any acct session.