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RADIUS Attributes

FastPCRF transmits the following attributes in Accounting-Request:

VasExperts-L2-SubsId - L2-subscriber identifier.

Framed-IP-Address - (IPv4 only) subscriber's IPv4 address; for NAT 1:1 the value of this attribute can be [configured](#).

Framed-IPv6-Prefix - (IPv6 only) subscriber's IPv6 subnet prefix.

Framed-IPv6-Address - (IPv6 only) subscriber's IPv6 address. Only the higher bits of the address, as defined by the IPv6 prefix, are significant. For example, for prefix 2001:1::/64 the value of this attribute will be 2001:1::.

Delegated-IPv6-Prefix - (IPv6 only) PD-prefix assigned to the subscriber.

Acct-Session-Id - RADIUS accounting session identifier.

Acct-Status-Type - request type:

- [1] start - beginning of the accounting session. No statistics are transmitted in this request, only the session Id is announced.
- [2] stop - termination of the accounting session. This request carries the final session statistics.
- [3] interim-update - intermediate statistics.

Acct-Delay-Time - timeout in seconds between receiving the latest billing netflow statistics from fastdpi and sending this Accounting-Request. In practice, this is a measure of data "staleness."

Acct-Session-Time - session duration in seconds. The attribute is added to interim update and stop packets.

Event-Timestamp - [SSG 8.3] current time.

Class - if there is a Class attribute in Access-Accept/Access-Reject during authorization, it is transmitted in all accounting requests.

NAS-IP-Address, NAS-Identifier - IP address or identifier of the fastDPI server that originated this session. Taken from the [fdpi_server](#) setting.

[SSG 8.3] With the support of [multi-sessions](#), the following attributes were added:

Acct-Multi-Session-Id - identifier of the multi-session to which this session belongs.

Acct-Link-Count - number of Start events in this multi-session. Note that this is not the number of active sessions, but the number of Start events in the multi-session, i.e., how many sessions were created in the multi-session since its beginning.

VASExperts-Service-Type - authorization type. Possible values:

- 0 (Auth in dictionary.vasexperts) - L3 authorization — a type of authorization where the client has statically configured on its equipment an IP address designated as "local" and

requests Internet access.

- 1 (DHCP) - DHCP authorization — authorization is initiated when the SSG system receives a DHCP Request from the client.
- 2 (PAP) - PAP authorization — authorization using the PAP (Password Authentication Protocol), which is the first authentication protocol for PPP connections.
- 3 (CHAP) - CHAP authorization — authorization using the CHAP (Challenge-Handshake Authentication Protocol), a challenge-response authentication protocol for PPP connections.
- 4 (MS_CHAPv2) - MS-CHAPv2 authorization — authorization using the MS-CHAPv2 (Microsoft CHAP Version 2) protocol, which is an improved and more secure version of CHAP for PPP connections.
- 6 (ARP) - ARP authorization — a type of authorization where the system processes an ARP request from the client to the gateway.
 - ❗ The use of this type is not recommended. For details, see [ARP request authorization](#).
- 7 (DHCPv6) - DHCPv6 authorization — authorization is initiated when the SSG system receives a DHCPv6 Solicit request from the client.
- 8 (GTP_auth) - GTP authorization — the SSG system processes GTP-C packets. Upon successful GTP session start, BRAS sends an L3 authorization request to the PCRF node.
- 9 (DHCP-Dual) - DHCP-Dual authorization — Access-Request from SSG is always sent either by IPv4 or by IPv6 address, but the response (Access-Accept) may contain addresses of both IP stacks (IPv4 and IPv6).



Values 2, 3, 4 are used for PPPoE. When using one of these authorization types, it is recommended to specify all three for proxying on the PPPoE server.

Accounting data, defined in [RFC-2866](#), is transmitted only for Acct-Status-Type=2 or 3:

- Acct-Input-Packets - number of packets to the subscriber (inet → subs direction).
- Acct-Output-Packets - number of packets from the subscriber (subs → inet direction).
- Acct-Input-Octets - number of bytes to the subscriber (inet → subs direction).
- Acct-Output-Octets - number of bytes from the subscriber (subs → inet direction).
- Acct-Input-Gigawords ([RFC-2869](#)).
- Acct-Output-Gigawords ([RFC-2869](#)).

In SSG 9.5.3, the following 64-bit VSA counters were also added:

```
# number of bytes to the subscriber (inet -> subs direction)
ATTRIBUTE  VasExperts-Acct-Input-Octets-64  22  integer64
# number of bytes from the subscriber (subs -> inet direction)
ATTRIBUTE  VasExperts-Acct-Output-Octets-64  23  integer64
# number of packets to the subscriber (inet -> subs direction)
ATTRIBUTE  VasExperts-Acct-Input-Packets-64  24  integer64
# number of packets from the subscriber (subs -> inet direction)
ATTRIBUTE  VasExperts-Acct-Output-Packets-64  25  integer64
```

These counters are fully equivalent to the standard 32-bit ones and are transmitted along with them. The use of 64-bit counters slightly simplifies logic on the RADIUS side: there is no need to calculate 64-bit values from 32-bit attributes Acct-Input/Output-Octets and Acct-Input/Output-Gigawords.

Additionally, statistics on [traffic classes](#) cs0 - cs7 are transmitted in vendor-specific attributes (VSA).

The following VSAs are defined for vendor-id=43823:

ATTRIBUTE	VasExperts-Acct-Traffic-Class-Name	16	string
ATTRIBUTE	VasExperts-Acct-Traffic-Class-Input-Octets	17	integer64
ATTRIBUTE	VasExperts-Acct-Traffic-Class-Output-Octets	18	integer64
ATTRIBUTE	VasExperts-Acct-Traffic-Class-Input-Packets	19	integer64
ATTRIBUTE	VasExperts-Acct-Traffic-Class-Output-Packets	20	integer64

Here, VasExperts-Acct-Traffic-Class-Name is the traffic class name, "cs0", "cs1", ..., "cs7"; the other attributes contain statistics for this traffic class.

[SSG 8.3] Using the fastpcrf.conf settings, you can specify which traffic classes to include in overall accounting, as well as disable sending accounting by traffic classes (VasExperts-Acct-Traffic-Class-* attributes):

- `acct_disable_traffic_class` - setting this parameter to 1 disables sending traffic class breakdowns in Acct-Request. By default, traffic class statistics are sent.
- `acct_include_traffic_class` - allows specifying a list of traffic classes to include in accounting. By default, all traffic classes cs0 - cs7 are included in accounting. In this parameter, you can list, separated by commas, which traffic classes to include in accounting. Standard counters (Acct-Input/Output-Packets and Acct-Input/Output-Octets) will then contain only the sum of the specified classes. For example, to exclude class cs2 from accounting, set:

```
acct_include_traffic_class=cs0,cs1,cs3,cs4,cs5,cs6,cs7
```

Example packet (only the first two traffic class statistics entries are expanded):

```
Frame 211: 576 bytes on wire (4608 bits), 576 bytes captured (4608 bits)
Ethernet II, ...
Internet Protocol Version 4, ...
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 41754, Dst Port: 1815
RADIUS Protocol
  Code: Accounting-Request (4)
  Packet identifier: 0xfc (252)
  Length: 534
  Authenticator: 02495762cbcef01d257fa82eb8f320b3
  [The response to this request is in frame 233]
  Attribute Value Pairs
    AVP: l=10 t=NAS-Identifier(32): FastPCRF
    AVP: l=6 t=Framed-IP-Address(8): 192.168.0.52
    AVP: l=6 t=Service-Type(6): Framed(2)
    AVP: l=18 t=Acct-Session-Id(44): 3400a8c0311fae6b
    AVP: l=6 t=Acct-Authentic(45): RADIUS(1)
    AVP: l=6 t=Acct-Status-Type(40): Interim-Update(3)
    AVP: l=6 t=Acct-Delay-Time(41): 6
    AVP: l=6 t=Acct-Input-Packets(47): 0
    AVP: l=6 t=Acct-Output-Packets(48): 1956
    AVP: l=6 t=Acct-Input-Octets(42): 0
    AVP: l=6 t=Acct-Input-Gigawords(52): 0
    AVP: l=6 t=Acct-Output-Octets(43): 2173116
    AVP: l=6 t=Acct-Output-Gigawords(53): 0
```

